

the vehicle (such as shown in FIG. 14A) is prepared for the tactile device (in-wheel tactile device) 42 assembled in the steering wheel 31. In the determination performed in step ST208, a threshold value representing a vehicle speed 0 Km/h is used. If the determination shows the vehicle being in the parked state, the adjustment dial 307 of the adjustment permission switch 302 is turned to a desired position (STEERING WHEEL, PEDAL or SEAT), during which time the switch 302 is automatically turned on.

[0195] Then, the adjustment amount input means 303 is operated. By depressing the plus-side input section 312, for example, the frequency of the tactile pattern (wave motion) is increased. This means that the gradient of the frequency/lateral acceleration table map increase with the amount of actuation by the plus-side input section 312 of the adjustment amount input section 303.

[0196] With respect to the respective lateral acceleration values between a minimum and a maximum set in advance in the adjusted table map and the simulation means 304, information about the frequency of the tactile pattern is outputted in sequence. On the basis of the information thus outputted from the simulation means 304, the drive circuit or driver 45 drives the in-wheel tactile device 42 to operate, so that the driver is able to adjust the nature of a tactile sensation through an adjustment of the frequency of the tactile pattern (wave motion) from a minimum to a maximum in accordance with its own comfort.

[0197] The tactile pattern produced by the in-wheel tactile device 42 can be changed by operating the tactile pattern input section 45 in the same manner as done in step ST206. The FREQUENCY/LATERAL ACCELERATION table map may be replaced by the FREQUENCY/VEHICLE SPEED table map (such as shown in FIG. 14B).

[0198] After the adjustment by the driver is completed, the adjustment dial 307 of the adjustment permission switch 302 is turned to the OFF position whereupon a decision is inputted and, based on the decision information, the table map is renewed or updated. The adjustment operation is thus completed.

[0199] The adjustment described above is addressed to an adjustment operation performed to increase the frequency of the in-wheel tactile device 42 incorporated in the steering wheel 31. It is to be noted that other adjustment operations, which may be due, for example, for decreasing the frequency of the in-wheel tactile device 42 or for another tactile device such as the pedal tactile device 201, can be also performed in the same manner as described above. The adjustment permission switch 302 and the adjustment amount input means 303 provided on the center console 308 for the adjustment described above may be replaced by corresponding functions of the navigation device 26.

[0200] FIGS. 29A and 29B show a modified form of the pedal tactile device according to the present invention. The modified pedal tactile device 321 comprises a vibration generating mechanism 324 associated with an accelerator pedal 322. The accelerated pedal 322 is an existing accelerator pedal initially provided in the vehicle and includes a foot plate 325 attached to the free end of an arm 205. The vibration generating mechanism 324 is mounted on a backside of the foot plate 325. The vibration generating mechanism 324 may use any type of vibration source. In the illustrated embodiment, an electric motor 331 (FIG. 29B) equipped with an eccentric weight 332 (FIG. 29B) on its output shaft (not designated) is employed as a vibration source. The electric or

motor-driven vibration generating mechanism 324 is mounted to the backside of the foot plate 325 and covered with a cover 333.

[0201] The pedal tactile device 321 comprised of the motor-driven vibration generating mechanism 324 operates such that when the driver depresses the foot-plate 325 of the accelerator pedal 322 to speed up the vehicle, the electric motor 331 is energized to rotate the eccentric weight in unison with the output shaft. In this instance, due to the eccentricity of the eccentric weight 332 relative to the output shaft of the motor 331, the vibration generating mechanism 324 (forming the pedal tactile device 321) starts vibrating. The thus produced vibration is directly transmitted to the foot plate 325 and thence to the bottom of the driver's foot F.

[0202] The vibratory motion thus transmitted to the driver's foot F can be well perceived by the driver as a kind of tactile information indicative of an accelerated condition of the vehicle. It is preferable that the vibratory motion generated by the vibration generating mechanism 324 has a variable frequency, which varies in direct proportion to the vehicle speed or lateral acceleration. By thus linking the characteristic of the vibratory motion with the vehicle traveling conditions, transmission of tactile information can be performed with high fidelity. Furthermore, since the tactile device 321 vibrates the foot plate 325 itself, the driver is freed from an obligation to continuously depress the foot plate 325, which is due for the embodiment shown in FIGS. 18A and 18B where a wave motion (vibratory motion) occurs only at the skin layer 216 of the accelerator pedal 22 and not at the foot plate 215 on which the skin layer 216 is provided. This will lessen the labor of the driver. Additionally, mounting of the tactile device 321 to the backside of the foot-plate 325 improves the appearance of the accelerator pedal 322 and the weatherability of the tactile device 321 against rainwater, dust and dirt that may be brought to the foot plate 325 via the driver foot F.

[0203] Obviously, various minor changes and modifications of the present invention are possible in light of the above teaching. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described.

What is claimed is:

1. A vehicle state information transmission apparatus comprising:

operation means actuatable by a driver of a vehicle for operating the vehicle;

a vehicle state detecting device for detecting a state of the vehicle;

warning means for issuing a warning to the driver based on information pertaining to the vehicle state detected by the vehicle state detecting device; and

vehicle state information transmitting means for transmitting the information pertaining to the vehicle state detected by the vehicle state detecting device to the driver,

wherein the vehicle state information transmitting means comprises a tactile device which transmits a change in the vehicle state via the operating means to the driver as tactile information, and the tactile device is operable in conjunction with the warning means.

2. The vehicle state information transmission apparatus of claim 1, wherein the tactile device is capable of producing a movement of the tactility in different patterns that can be varied based on the information pertaining to the vehicle state detected by the vehicle state detecting device.